***Exercise31*.*Choose the right variant.***

1. She …scrambled eggs for breakfast. (did, made)

2. Please …the dishes after dinner. (do, make)

3. He is a carpenter. He …furniture. (does, makes)

4. He doesn't …much money. (do, make)

5. Hello! How are you …? (doing, making)

6. Two plus three …five. (does, makes)

7. I have to …a telephone call. (do, make)

8. I was … my homework when the telephone rang. (doing, making)

9. I …two mistakes in my spelling test. (did, made)

10. Don't just stand there! …something! (Do, Make)

***Exercise32.Choose the right variant****.*

1. Who …the cooking in your family? (does, makes)

2. How much does he …? (do, make)

3. I …some research and learned several interesting facts. (did, made)

4. We don't …business with that company. (do, make)

5. It doesn't …any difference to me. (do, make)

6. Can you …me a favour? (do, make)

7. He …friends easily.  (does, makes)

8. I'll …my best.  (do, make)

9. I'd like to … appointment with Dr. Smith, please. (do, make)

10. We'll have to … without a car for some time. (do, make)

***Exercise33*. *Choose the most appropriate variant.***

1. The word …can be a synonym for the words "light" &"just". (blond, fair, honest)

2. The word …can be a synonym for the words "new" & "story". (film, book, novel)

3. The word … can be a synonym for the words "exhausted" & "hit". (beat, knock,tired)

4. The word … can be a synonym for the words "flame" & "shoot". (burn, fire, hot)

5. The word …can be a synonym for the words "floor" & "tale". (basis, end, story)

6. The word … can be a synonym for the words "faucet" & "strike". (blow, drop, tap)

7. The word …can be a synonym for the words "nice" &"penalty". (fine, pleasant,  punishment)

8. The word…can be an antonym for the words "wrong" & "left". (correct, right, true)

9. The word …can be an antonym for the words "easy" & "soft". (difficult, hard, mild)

10. The word …can be an antonym for the words "heavy" & "dark". (light, night, weight)

***Exercise34.Choose the right meaning.***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ***abolish*** | A: to put an end to *(положитьконец)* B: settle down *(обосноваться)*C: strike quickly *(быстроударить)* D: smooth over *(сгладить)* |
| ***abdicate***  | A: beg *(умолять)* B: resign *(уходить в отставку)* C: scold *(бранить)* D: destroy *(разрушать)* |
| ***asinine*** | A : resentful *(возмущенный )*B: unusual *(необычный)*C: stupid *(глупый)* D: nasty *(противный)* |
| ***awesome*** | A:overly ambitious *(слишкомчестолюбивый)* B:very beautiful *(оченькрасивый)* С:causingwonder *(вызывающий удивление)*D:ridiculous *(нелепый)* |
| ***arbitrary*** | A: basedonone’sfeelings *(основанный на чувствах)* B: conciliatory *(примирительный)* С: havingsoundjudgment *(имеющий здравое суждение )* D: diplomatic *(дипломатичный)* |
| ***acclaim*** | A: to make a speech *( выступатьсречью)* B: show enthusiastic approval *(выражатьбурноеодобрение)*C: arguedeceitfully *(приводить лживые доводы)* D: brag about *(хвастаться)* |
| ***affirm*** | A: to convince *(убеждать)* B: examinecarefully *( тщательноосматривать)* C: becomeunsteady *(становиться неустойчивым)* D: statepositively *(категорически утверждать)* |
| ***anticipate*** | A: toextend *(простираться )* B: endure *(выдерживать)*C: resent *(возмущаться)* D: foresee *( предвидеть)* |
| ***alert*** | A: thoughtful *(задумчивый )* B: stimulating *(побуждающий )* C: attentive *(внимательный)* D: uneasy *(нелегкий)* |
| ***ample*** | A: easygoing *(благодушный)* B: loud *(громкий)* C: thin *(тонкий)* D: abundant *(обильный)* |
| ***aroma*** | A: pleasant fragrance *(приятныйзапах)* B: sweet taste *(сладкийвкус)* C: soft color *(мягкийцвет)* D: steam or vapor *(парилитуман)* |
| ***attain*** | A: to draw near *(приближаться)* B: search for *(искать)* C: unify *(объединять)* D: achieve *(достигать)* |
| ***ascend*** | A: toclimb *(взбираться)* B: scan *(просматривать)* C: taint *(портить)* D: excel *(превосходить)* |
| ***abstain*** | A: to demand what is one’s own *(требоватьсвое)* B: wear away *(стереть(ся)* C: hold back from doing *(воздержаться)*D: to give away *(выдавать)* |
| ***avert*** | A : to examine thoroughly *(тщательноосматривать)*B: giveup *(сдаваться)*C: pushon *( продвигаться вперед)* D: prevent *(предотвращать)* |
| ***allot*** | A: to depend on *(зависть)* B: clarify *(прояснить)* C: give a portion*(отдатьчасть)* D: repeatoverandover *(повторять снова и снова)* |
| ***asquire*** | A: be stingy *(скупиться)* B: becurious *(любопытствовать)* C: agree *(соглашаться)* D: get *(получать)* |
| ***chasten*** | A: simplify *(упрощать)* B: discipline *(дисциплинировать)*C: preparecarefully *(тщательно подготавливать)* D: sadden *(печалить)* |
| ***concoct*** | A: create *(создавать)* B: frustrate *(разочаровывать)*C: trick *(обманывать)* D: hide *(прятать)* |
| ***deplorable*** | A: urgent *(срочный)* B: dishonest *(нечестный)* C: regrettable *(достойный сожаления)* D: helpful *(полезный)* |
| ***dissipate*** | A: separate *(отделять)* B: dare *(осмеливаться)* C: scatter *(рассеивать)* D: depress *(угнетать)* |
| ***dubious*** | A: strange *(незнакомый)* B: not intelligent *(неумный)* C: frighten *(испуганный)* D: doubtful *(сомневающийся)*  |
| ***effective*** | A: injured *(раненый)* B: productive *(продуктивный)* C: unfriendly *(недружелюбный)* D: swift *(быстрый)* |
| ***emotive*** | A: softening *(смягчающий)* B: slow and careful *(медленныйиосторожный)* C: expressing emotion *(выражающийчувство)*D: mimicking *(передразнивающий)* |
| ***ingenuity*** | A: cleverness *(сметливость)* B: inheritance *(наследство)*С: carelessness *(небрежность)* D: inexperience *(неопытность)* |
| ***inept*** | A: relaxed *(расслабленный)* B: excellent *(отличный)* C: sensitive *(чувствительный)* D: not skilled *(неумелый)* |
| ***lethargic*** | A: peaceful *(мирный)* B: cold-blooded *(хладнокровный)*С: alert *(настороженный)* D: sluggish *(вялый)* |
| ***periphery*** | **A:** highest point *(высшаяточка)* B: innercore *(внутренняя сущность)*C: outeredge *(внешний край)* D: contempt *(презрение)* |
| ***retain*** | A: prevent *(предотвращать)* B: seize *(хватать)*C: keep *(удерживать)* D: admit *(допускать)* |
| ***rhetoric*** | A : philosophy *(философия)* B: wordiness *(многословие)*C: question *(вопрос)* D: repetition *(повторение)* |

***Exercise*3*5*.*Choose the right variant.***

**Each** requires a singular. Therefore, the following are correct:

**Each of the boys** has brought **his** pen. **Each boy** has brought **his** pen.

**Each of the boys** was given a price. **Each one of these boys** is intelligent.

1. One of the boys (was, were) late for the game.

2. Each of the apples (was, were) ripe.

3. Everyone (cheer, cheers) when **his** hero appears.

4. One of my favourite foods (is, are) spaghetti.

5. No one except Mary and Lettie (was, were) excited.

6. Neither you nor Alice (play, plays) the game correctly.

7. Each player (try, tries) to win the game.

8. One of the pies (smell, smells) burned.

9. Neither he nor she (walk, walks) to school.

10. Learning to drive is easy if one (concentrate, concentrates).

11. Somebody (is, are) going to be surprised!

12. Every boy on the team (show, shows) good sportsmanship.

13. Why (don’t, doesn’t) someone give us the signal?

14. Either Roy or Bill (is, are) going to be the new captain.

15. (Do, Does) anybody want a hot dog?

16. Anyone who disagrees with them (is, are) in trouble.

***Exercise 36.Underline the correct verb in these sentences.***

1. Someone (has, have) to do the work.

2. Steve, along with Jim and George, (was, were) there.

3. Where (is, are) you going?

4. There (go, goes) Emily and Joseph.

5. Each of the members (has, have) contributed.

6. Mary and her mother (is, are) in the store.

7. The set of rules (control, controls) the game.

8. Neither the student nor the teacher (was, were) present.

9. Here (is, are) an old and famous landmark.

10. Ralph, along with his father, (is, are) attending the game.

11. One often (ask, asks) for help from others.

12. Where (has, have) you and Bob worked during the summer?

13. The leader of the choir (sing, sings) tenor.

14. The students, as well as the teacher, (has, have) to work well.

15. Everyone (find, finds) a special friend.

16. A sign of the times (is, are) the fashion in clothes.

17. There (is, are) opportunities for all.

18. The students, with their parents, (visit, visits) the museum.

19. The better of the two seats (has, have) been sold.

20. Where (is, are) my hat and coat?

21. Every time we stand up, someone else (take, takes) my seat.

22. Here (come, comes) the bank guard in his new uniform.

23. Many fascinating games (is, are) for sale in this store.

24. A doctor, together with some nurses, (was, were) on duty.

25. Both Nancy and Marion (know, knows) better than to act like that!

26. Either a new sweater or a tie (is, are) my choice.

***Exercise 37.Underline the correct verb in these sentences.***

1. The citizens of this town (demand, demands) police protection.

2. Glenville’s Glee Club always (give, gives) a fine concert.

3. Either Kathy or Dorothy (is, are) going.

4. Both Ruth and I (go, goes) to bed early.

5. The man, along with the two women, (was, were) delayed.

6. We (was, were) passed by six cars.

7. All freshmеn (live, lives) in the dormitory.

8. The ice cream (melt, melts) at room temperature.

9. No one (has, have) stolen my secret ideas!

10. The first baseman and the catcher (has, have) made many errors.

11. Mrs. Laird has (spoke, spoken) with authority.

12. The guitar, accompanied by the bassviol, (play, plays) the tune.

13. Joe and his brother always (drink, drinks) too fast.

14. Thelma, as well as her sister, (is, are) well dressed.

15. While everyone (hum, hums) Betsy will sing the obligato.

16. The captain of the two teams (is, are) Dan.

17. Where (do, does) the Chester family live?

18. The golf team and the tennis team (win, wins) every match.

19. Why (do, does) Lisa and Phillip play the same tune?

20. Mrs. Stum, together with her neighbours, (has, have) a sewing club.

21. Beth, with her new hair-do and sunglasses, (is, are) hard to recognize.

22. Neither looks nor clothes (make, makes) the person.

23. All the boys in our class (has, have) done well in school.

24. Neither of my parents (is, are) at home tonight.

***Exercise 38.Correct the verb in these sentences.***

1. Either way (is, are) correct.

2. Unless every one of the members (cooperate, cooperates), the play will fail.

3. Each (seek, seeks) a job to do.

4. Neither of the teams (has, have) a perfect record.

5. (Has, Have) someone called me?

6. One of these dogs (has, have) fleas.

7. Everyone of these houses (was, were) built this year.

8. Nobody from the play cast (has, have) arrived.

9. It was impossible because everybody (was, were) gone.

10. No one, of all the singers in town, (give, gives) finer lesions.

11. I am sure everyone (draw, draws) better than I.

12. Anybody from the four classes (has, have) a chance.

13. Somebody from among my friends (expect, expects) to call.

14. First, each of the papers (was, were) late.

15. One of you (work, works) too hard.

16. Neither car (drive, drives) easily.

17. It was a find time for everyone who (was, were) there.

18. Nobody at school (know, knows).

19. Either (has, have) his good points.

20. Someone from each class (attend, attends) the meeting.

21. Neither Fred nor Stan (understand, understands) this equation.

22. The potatoes and the peas (smell, smells) as if they’re burning.

23. (Don’t, Doesn’t) Herbert play the marimba well?

24. Of all my friends, only one (has, have) written to me.

25. Everybody in the band (seem, seems) to have a different rhythm.

***Exercise 39. Translate the sentences with the words «nonе».***

Although Tuppence has at least four sisters, ***none***of them *is* ever mentioned by name, nor do we ever meet one of them during any of her adventures. 2. Perhaps ***none***of the guests *has* a song in his heart, because it's a farewell dinner held on the eve of a cross-country move. 3. Thankfully, ***none***of the guests *have* actually laid eyes on a dead chicken; that image would be hard to shake. 4. Although the company’s founders certainly hoped that incorporating would increase their profit margin, no one, not even the founders, didn’t expect that the value of the stock would appreciate so quickly.

***Exercise* 40. *Translate the phrases.***

**FRUITY LANGUAGE**

She has all the luck within a week of leaving college. She landed a *plum* of a job and by the end of the month she was the*apple* of the boss's eye. She is pretty. I'll allow my brother thinks she’s a real *peach* but she isn't exactly a genius. Anyway she starts the job and in no time she's made supervisor and the rest of us are just left there like *lemons.*

Honestly, if I had the courage of my convictions I'd give my boss a *raspberry* and let him know what I think of him. But I suppose it's not worth. If he's mad absolutely *bananas* and has been for years.